

BACKGROUND

British Schools in Spain are subject to Spanish legislation and only Spanish authorities can grant authorisation. Schools must meet ALL requirements in RD 806/93 to be authorised and operate legally in Spain.

The 'Delegación en España de la Fundación British Council' (hereafter British Council or BC) is the official representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland accredited in Spain to issue the certification referred to in Article 14(2)(b) of Royal Decree 806/1993 of 28 May 1993 governing foreign schools in Spain. Following review of the certification process and of the responsibilities of the British Council (by the F. López Tapia law practice) with regards to the authorisation of British schools in Spain, the procedure has been updated and is as set out in the present document. *Note: The United Kingdom's exit from the EU may make it necessary to obtain authorisation from the Spanish Ministry of Foreign Affairs prior to entry in the register (Article 7 of Royal Decree 806/1993).*

RESPONSIBILITIES

British Schools in Spain are authorised by regional education authorities (Royal Decree 806/1993). British schools are under the full jurisdiction of the Spanish courts. The Spanish authorities are likewise responsible for ensuring that participating schools meet all Spanish legal requirements (including health and safety and child protection) and regulations. One of the requirements previous to authorisation of a British School in Spain is a certificate from the British Council that states what the school meets UK educational standards and that the qualifications offered by the school are fully valid in the UK. Once authorised, the school is included in the Spain public register of Foreign Schools in Spain. The letter of certification from the British Council is not in itself an authorisation to operate.

As is the case in the United Kingdom, British Schools in Spain are subject to regular inspection (routine or extraordinary) and only after a positive inspection report will they receive the letter of certification from the British Council. A negative inspection report, or refusal to undergo inspection, will result in British Council information to local authorities and hence either no-authorisation or withdrawal of authorisation.

| SCHOOLS | INSPECTORATES | BRITISH COUNCIL |
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| Schools are responsible for the quality of teaching and are accountable to their pupils, to their pupils' families and to | The Inspectorate of the National Association of British Schools in Spain (NABSS) and the | British Council undertakes: |
| the Spanish and British education authorities. | inspectorates authorised by the British Government are tasked with inspecting | To ensure that all participating schools are inspected regularly and that they do not continue to operate |
| British schools in Spain undertake: | British schools in Spain. | without undergoing inspection (jointly with the inspectorates). |
| 1. To teach the British curriculum, employ expert and qualified staff and provide the premises and facilities | The inspectorates undertake: | |
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necessary for suitable learning and implementation of the British methodology.

- 2. To meet all the requirements established by the British Government for British schools overseas.
- 3. To comply with Spanish legislation on schools.
- 4. To request and undergo inspections when due, submit to the inspectorate's decision and, where applicable, accept and implement the recommendations for improvement.
- 5. To inform the British Council whenever the conditions under which the school received a letter of certification change substantially (change of management, substantial change to teaching staff, change or extension of site, substantial change in number of pupils, etc.) and, where applicable, request and undergo a new inspection.
- 6. To submit, in cases of serious incidents or evidence of persistent failings, to the decision of the Monitoring Committee and undergo an extraordinary inspection.
- 7. To pay the cost of inspection (routine and extraordinary) and certification.
- 8. To inform pupils' families of the school's status in Spain. Under no circumstances may the school use the name, logo or reputation of the British Council to imply or openly say that the letter of certification from the British Council authorises the operation of the school in Spain.

Only Spanish authorities can authorise a school to operate. Without such authorisation, centres are operating illegally. Schools that fail to comply with the compulsory British or Spanish curriculum, or with the Spanish legislation to which they are subject, will be held accountable by the Spanish and British authorities, the pupils' and the pupils' families.

- 1. To work with the British Council to ensure the proper operation of British schools in Spain.
- 2. When an inspector has recommended a centre for approval, the same inspector will not perform the centre's first inspection.
- 3. To visit and inspect participating schools with due rigour and according to the standards established by the British Government for British schools overseas, including safeguarding and childprotection requirements.
- 4. To work with the schools to implement the improvement plans required to receive a positive report.
- 5. To inform the British Council of the inspections carried out and of the outcomes of those inspections ensuring this report coincides exactly with the findings in the final report.
- 6. To submit the final report to the British Council for publication within a maximum of 1 month.

Inspectorates that make a positive recommendation to the British Council will be held accountable by the Spanish and British authorities, by the pupils' families and by the schools themselves for the overall quality of the school at the time of the inspection.

- 2. To form a Monitoring Committee, membership of which will be open to all the inspectorates authorised by the British Government to perform inspections in Spain.
- 3. To receive and submit to the Monitoring Committee within 10 days of receipt, applications and supporting documentation submitted by the proprietors of schools interested in starting official British schools.
- 4. To submit to the local authorities (or to the school for them to submit to the authorities), after each inspectorate recommendation, a Letter certifying the school result.
- 5. To maintain the transparency of the system, making public on the British Council website all inspections reports and an updated list of British schools in Spain.
- 6. To respond to all complaints received in relation to the quality of education (as per the complaints procedure).
- To inform the authorities when a school receives a negative report or refuses to undergo inspection on time.

If the British Council issues a letter of certification to the Spanish authorities without having received a positive recommendation from the inspectorate, the British Council will be held accountable for that certification by the Spanish and British authorities, by the pupils' families and by the schools themselves.

See Quality Assurance and Transparency below.



QUALITY ASSURANCE AND TRANSPARENCY

To assure quality and transparency, the following measures have been put in place:

MONITORING COMMITTEE

Made up of all the authorised inspectorates, this committee meets 3 times a year and performs the following functions:

- *a) Review all inspections carried out since the last meeting.*
- b) Review the list of schools pending inspection before the next meeting.
- c) Agree on the actions necessary to ensure that all the schools are inspected (warning notices, etc.).
- *d)* Monitor schools experiencing difficulties.
- e) Follow up all complaints received.
- *f) Review continually and propose improvements to current protocols and procedures and adapt them to the applicable legislation.*

The British Council undertakes:

- To arrange the meetings
- To draw up the agenda
- To record the minutes
- To implement the procedures agreed

The member bodies undertake to:

- Attend the meetings or accept the decisions made in their absence (meetings may be attended by Skype or videoconference).
- Work with the BC to assure the quality of the procedures and improve them continually.
- Implement the changes to procedure agreed.

REGULAR INSPECTIONS

Schools must be inspected regularly and at intervals of no more than 4 years (unless granted explicit permission on specific grounds). The date of the next inspection is set by the inspectorate. The British Council, supported by the Monitoring Committee, will ensure that the inspections are carried out within the stipulated deadlines.

Schools can choose both the inspectorate that they wish to inspect them (selected from the list of inspectorates approved by the British Government) and the type of inspection carried out (see below).

- NIS (National Association of British Schools in Spain) inspection service, or
- voluntary BSO (British Schools Overseas) inspection, which assigns them a unique registration number in the Ofsted (Office for Standards in Education) database.

Both types will check that schools meet British Schools Overseas standards. The British Council will only issue a certification after the school has been inspected and the inspector reports compliance.

TRANSPARENCY

To facilitate transparency, the British Council will publish the following on its website:

- This operating manual (updated regularly)
- All inspection reports since September 2014 (uploaded each quarter)
- List of all British schools in Spain

https://www.britishcouncil.es/programas/educacion/colegios.

BRITISHCOUNCIL

The legislation and standards governing British schools and authorised inspectorates are available on the following British Government websites:

- Standards for British Schools Overseas (Ofsted): <u>Standards for British schools overseas (publishing.service.gov.uk)</u>
- Standards for inspectorates: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/education-inspection-framework#guidance-for-inspectors</u>
- Inspectorates approved by Ofsted: <u>www.gov.uk/guidance/british-schools-overseas-inspection-scheme</u>

GUIDE FOR CERTIFICATION, INITIAL AUTHORISATION AND RENEWAL

| SCHOOLS | INSPECTORATES / MONITORING | BRITISH COUNCIL |
|---|---|---|
| | COMMITTEE | |
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| NEW SCHOOLS | NEW SCHOOLS | CERTIFICATION OF NEW APPLICANTS |
| | | (whether growing year groups or new schools) |
| Persons or partnerships that wish to open a British school in Spain | When an inspectorate receives a new | |
| must submit the pertinent documentation to the British Council. The | application from the BC, it must | The British Council undertakes: |
| process, adapted to comply with Spanish legislation, is similar to the | review the documentation and reply | |
| one followed by new schools in England (i.e. The Education (Provision | within 10 working days. | 1. To acknowledge receipt of the documentation and keep |
| of Information by Independent Schools) (England) Regulations 2003). | | an on-line copy of it. |
| | PRE-INSPECTION VISITS | 2. To submit digital copies to the Monitoring Committee |
| 1. <u>Application and payment of the handling fee</u> . The application | | within 10 working days for review and authorisation. |
| must be submitted by 31 January (for schools planning to open | For new applications, the function of | 3. To inform the school, if the Committee report is positive, |
| in September of that year) in digital format (maximum of 3 | the Monitoring Committee and | of the need for an inspection visit (which must be |
| documents, not exceeding 10 MB in total) to the | inspectorates is to ensure that, before | arranged with an inspectorate). |
| Monitoring Committee, | opening the new school, the | 4. To acknowledge receipt of the Pre-Inspection Visit Prior |
| raquel.fernandezmontes@britishcouncil.org | proprietor and management are fully | to Authorisation report. |
| The proposal must include substantial number of teachers with | familiar with the British education | 5. To verify, if the report is positive, that a DBS/record of |
| suitable qualifications and ample experience of teaching the UK | system, have sufficient means to make | criminal or sexual offences check has been carried out |
| national curriculum. Failure to meet this requirement is likely to | the project viable and undertake to | (as applicable) and issue the <u>Certificate of Start of</u> |
| result in dismissal of the application or a negative report when | comply with British and Spanish | British Education to the local authorities, sending a |
| | legislation. Following the pre- | copy to the school's proprietor. ¹ |

¹ This certificate does not constitute certification. It is issued to allow the school to start operation in preparation for subsequent verification that it meets the standards set for British schools overseas. The BC issues this certificate after completing the following steps:

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| | inspected. Teachers in charge of the UK curriculum must be | inspection visit, and within no more | |
| | English proficient (C2 level). | than 10 working days of that date, the | Schools must undergo a full inspection during their first |
| | | inspectorate will submit the 'Pre- | year in operation. If the inspection report is positive, the BC |
| | Note: The British Council will charge 100% of the handling fee | inspection visit previous to | issues the letter of certification (see School Certification |
| | for new applications on submission of the application. This fee | authorisation form' to the British Council. | below). |
| | will not be refunded if the application is dismissed by the Committee. | council. | The British Council commits to include the school in the |
| | committee. | SCHOOL INSPECTIONS | "school pending authorisation" list to monitor the centre's |
| 2. | Review of the documentation. The British Council will submit the | | compliance with inspections and authorisation as well as, |
| | documentation received to the Monitoring Committee, which | The inspectorates ensure that | once authorised, in the list of "authorised schools" to |
| | will recommend whether or not the school should implement its | participating schools meet the | monitor and manage the school future inspections. These |
| | proposed educational programme. Please note that an | educational standards set by the | lists are used for discussion and follow up with Monitoring |
| | inspectorate will visit the school before making its final | British Government. | Committee. |
| | recommendation. The school will meet the inspectorate's costs | https://www.gov.uk/government/pub | CERTIFICATION OF EXISTING SCHOOLS |
| | for this visit. | lications/british-schools-overseas- | CERTIFICATION OF EXISTING SCHOOLS |
| 2 | Britich Council latter to the advertion authorities. Submitted | standards-for-schools | All schools must be inspected within the inspection deadline |
| 3. | British Council letter to the education authorities. Submitted after receiving a positive recommendation from the Monitoring | In Spain, inspections are done by NIS, | set during the previous inspection. This deadline may not |
| | Committee. | Penta and ISI but any of the DfE | exceed four years. They must also undergo inspection if the |
| | commuce. | approved inspectorates could inspect | Monitoring Committee deems there to be extraordinary |
| 4. | Inspection and letter of certification. All British schools must | a British School in Spain. They would | grounds for inspection. The post-inspection procedure is as |
| | undergo inspection in their first year, usually in the third term. | need to liaise with British Council and | follows: |
| | The school must arrange an inspection/visit by one of the | submit the required reports to ensure | |
| | authorised inspectorates (selected by the proprietor of the | the certificate is issued for | 1. Receive and follow-up the <u>Sign-Off Form Pending</u> |
| | school). It is usual for an inspection report to require a series of | authorisation. The procedure is as | <u>Action Plan</u> (if applicable), the Inspection Report and the Recommendation for Authorisation Following |
| | improvements and an action plan before a positive report can be | follows: | Inspection. |
| | issued. Following inspection, the British Council issues the | 1 Cubasit the details recording the | 2. Issue the <u>Certificate of Certification</u> or <u>Certificate of</u> |
| | corresponding certification (or negative report), which is submitted to the school to be handed to the authorities (even if | 1. Submit the details regarding the school, the management, the | Withdrawal of Certification, as applicable. The process |
| | BC has sent a copy to the authorities as well). The school | inspection date and the lead | leading to issue of this certification is as follows: |
| | undertakes to provide a copy of this inspection report to all | inspector to the British Council by | a. Contact the school. |
| | parents who request it. All inspection reports are published on | e-mail to | b. If the report is positive, the BC issues the |
| | the British Council website. | (raquel.fernandezmontes@britishc | certificate of certification and submits it to the |

Please note that the British Council will charge a fee for issuing the certificate letter.

- 5. <u>Authorisation of the school and entry in the register of foreign</u> <u>schools.</u> Authorisation as a foreign school and its entry in the RUCT is the responsibility of the local education authority. In addition to receiving a letter from the British Council, the school must comply with Spanish legislation and adhere to Spanish regulations, which include inspections. Depending on region, it may occur that the registration in the RUCT does not occur until year two.
- 6. <u>Subsequent regular inspections</u>. All British schools in Spain must be inspected at least every 4 years, or on the date stipulated in the inspection report. Each inspection results in a letter of certification, renewal or withdrawal of authorisation.

EXISTING SCHOOLS: MAINTAINING AUTHORISATION AND REQUESTING INSPECTION

Schools must arrange an inspection with an inspectorate before their certification expires and within no more than 4 years of the last inspection. They must also request an inspection if they undergo substantial changes, such as change of proprietor(s), change of over 70% of management or teaching staff or extension/reduction of physical spaces and buildings that affect the number of pupils at the school.

In the case of new buildings or changes to existing spaces, the inspection will only assess the suitability of the physical spaces and buildings for educational use. This inspection does not postpone the date of the next educational inspection. To be approved, the spaces must also comply with Spanish law regarding child safety and protection and must undergo inspection by the local authorities.

<u>ouncil.org</u>) when an inspection is arranged with a British school in Spain.

- 2. If an Action Plan is required, submit the <u>Sign-off Form Pending</u> <u>Action Plan</u> to the British Council within no more than 20 days of the inspection (note: the BC will not issue certification with this document).
- 3. Work with the school to implement the improvements until they are completed.
- 4. Upon completion of the Action Plan, or after the inspection if improvement measures are not required, submit the <u>Recommendation for</u> <u>Authorisation Following</u> <u>Inspection Form</u> and the inspection report (step 5) to the British Council within no more than 1 month.
- 5. Issue the final report and submit a copy in PDF format to the British Council and to the school within no more than one month of the date of inspection or of satisfactory completion of the Action Plan.

centre (for centre to present to local authorities). This certificate will only be issued when handling fee if paid.

- c. If the report is negative, the BC informs the authorities (regional education authority) that the school in question does not meet the minimum standards required and that therefore certification will be withdrawn.
- *d.* The BC updates the list of schools and inspection visits carried out.
- e. Notice of the inspection is published on the <u>British Council website</u>.

To ensure that all participating schools are inspected within the deadline, the British Council:

- 1. Maintains a permanently up-to-date list of participating schools and the corresponding inspection dates.
- 2. Reviews inspection progress at the meetings with the Monitoring Committee.
- 3. Sends a letter to the schools due for inspection in the next 6 months to remind them of the date of the next inspection.
- 4. If a school is not inspected within the deadline, the BC sends a warning notice to the school giving it 6 months to undergo inspection.
- 1. If the school does not undergo inspection within the new deadline, the BC informs the school's proprietor of the situation and submits notice of withdrawal of certification to the local authorities.

CERTIFICATION OF NEW SPACES AND BUILDINGS

Whenever substantial alterations are made to a school site, the building(s) must undergo inspection. It is also common

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| Failure to undergo inspection by the deadline, refusal to undergo an extraordinary inspection ordered by the Committee, or a negative inspection report will result in submission of notice of withdrawal of certification to the authorities. | 6. All inspection reports are published on the <u>British Council</u> <u>website</u> and are updated each quarter. | practice for the granting of planning permission to be conditional upon certification. The British Council: 1. Acknowledges receipt of the documentation (plans, etc.). |
| APPEALS AGAINST INSPECTION DECISIONS The British Council cannot challenge a decision issued by an inspectorate. If following consultation between the school and the inspectorate the inspection report is negative, the school will lose its certification. The school must wait for one year and must have remedied its failings before applying for a new certification inspection. | BUILDING INSPECTIONS When the inspection of a new building at an existing school is required or inspection of a building is required prior to first application and educational inspection, the inspectors will submit a recommendation form to the British Council together with the inspection report for those spaces/buildings. There may also be a need for inspection for specific reasons such as school growth, change of address or other. In all cases, inspectors will need to send the British Council the necessary forms. | Submits the plans to the Monitoring Committee or inspectorate and, if approved, issues a certificate and submits it to the authorities. Once the space is ready, it is inspected to verify that the facilities match the plans submitted. Following issue of a positive report (on either the plans or the inspection visit), a certificate will be issued and submitted to the authorities. This certificate will not include certification of teaching quality, although it may indicate an increase in total pupil capacity if this was the purpose of the extension/construction of the new spaces. In all cases, the school will be inspected when due as per the deadline established in the last educational inspection. The British Council cannot guarantee the issue of certificates and/or certifications during July and August. Please note that the British Council charges schools a fee for issuing letters or certificates of certification and submitting them to the authorities. |



FOLLOW-UP OF COMPLAINTS

British Council does not investigate individual complaints but will ask the school inspectorates to take these complaints into account when the school is next inspected. British Council will only admit complaints when:

- The complaint refers to the quality of teaching at the school under British educational standards.
- The school's complaints procedure has not resolved the issue or when the school has not followed its complaints procedure and less than one year has passed since the complaints' procedure failed to resolve the issue.
- The complaint is submitted in writing, using the form available in our web, to the Director of Education, British Council, Paseo General Martínez Campos 31, 28010 Madrid education@britishcouncil.es
- The complainer is either a parent of a child at the school or a staff member.

British Council will only take complaints related to educational standards; all other issues should be directed to the appropriate body. Complaints in relation to the following:

- Malpractice relating to official British examinations. These complaints should be addressed to the awarding bodies (Cambridge, Pearson, AQA, OCR, etc.).
- Non-compliance by the school with Spanish civil, mercantile, employment, a dministrative, criminal, safeguarding, child-protection or other law. All such complaints should be addressed to the relevant local authorities (see below).

- Data protection issues should be reported to the Agencia Española de Protección de Datos (AEPD).
- Criminal conduct should be reported to the local police, public prosecutor's office or courts.
- Staff employment or promotion issues should be reported via the school's internal grievance procedure and/or to the corresponding employment and/or social security authorities.
- Child protection issues should be reported to the local authorities responsible for this area (municipal social services, public prosecutor's offices, courts and police).
- Issues relating to fees, costs or other matters pertaining to the agreement entered between the family and the school should be reported to the education authorities and to the Spanish courts.
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We reserve the right not to admit the following:

- Incomplete or imprecise complaints lacking sufficient evidence.
- Malicious complaints lodged only to cause inconvenience.
- Complaints containing obscenities, insults and/or homophobic, xenophobic, racist or sexist language.
- Complaints reiterating earlier complaints that have been addressed and resolved.

BRITISHCOUNCIL

Note: British Council does not have the power to intervene in, authorise or close a school in Spain. British Council only has the authority to refer the case to the Monitoring

PARENTS, families and interested parties

The process below should only be followed if the one above has been ended without reaching a satisfactory solution.

- 1. Request a copy of the complaints procedure from the school and follow it to the letter. Every school must have a complaints procedure in place.
- 2. Submit a formal written complaint to the head teacher or head of studies and request acknowledgement of receipt on a copy of the complaint submitted.
- 3. Submit a formal written complaint to the proprietor of the school and request a meeting of the mediation panel.
- Complaints about educational issues should be submitted using the form in our web, which should be submitted either by post to the Education Department, British Council, Paseo General Martínez Campos 31, 28010 Madrid or by e-mail to <u>education@britishcouncil.es</u> Complaints not relating to educational issues should be submitted to the

competent Spanish authority.

Committee and, if it deems appropriate, request an extraordinary inspection.

BRITISH COUNCIL

Every effort will be made to resolve complaints fairly, appropriately, and as swiftly as possible.

- 1. British Council will confirm receipt of the complaint within 15 working days and will proceed as follows:
 - a. Confirm whether the complaint is accepted and provide the reason for that decision, or
 - b. Request more information.
- 2. If the complaint is to be investigated, the BC will send the family a summary of the complaint and will request the family's permission to use that summary as the basis reporting to the inspectorates. It will also request permission to submit the relevant information to the school's proprietor, to the Monitoring Committee and/or to the school inspectors (as applicable).
- 3. Contact the school. If necessary for a proper report to the inspectors.
 - a. The BC submits the summary to the school's proprietor and requests information on how the school's complaints procedure was followed.
 - b. The BC requests the proprietor's response to the matter in question.
- 4. <u>Decision</u> report the complaint and investigation to the Monitoring Committee for its decision, which may take one of the 4 following forms:
 - a. Ask the school to review its response at a specific stage of the procedure.
 - b. Ask the school to review its complaint follow-up-policy.
 - c. Take no action, as the school acted correctly.
 - d. Request an extraordinary inspection.